

Kelvin Wave Impacts on MJO Convection and Cirrus*

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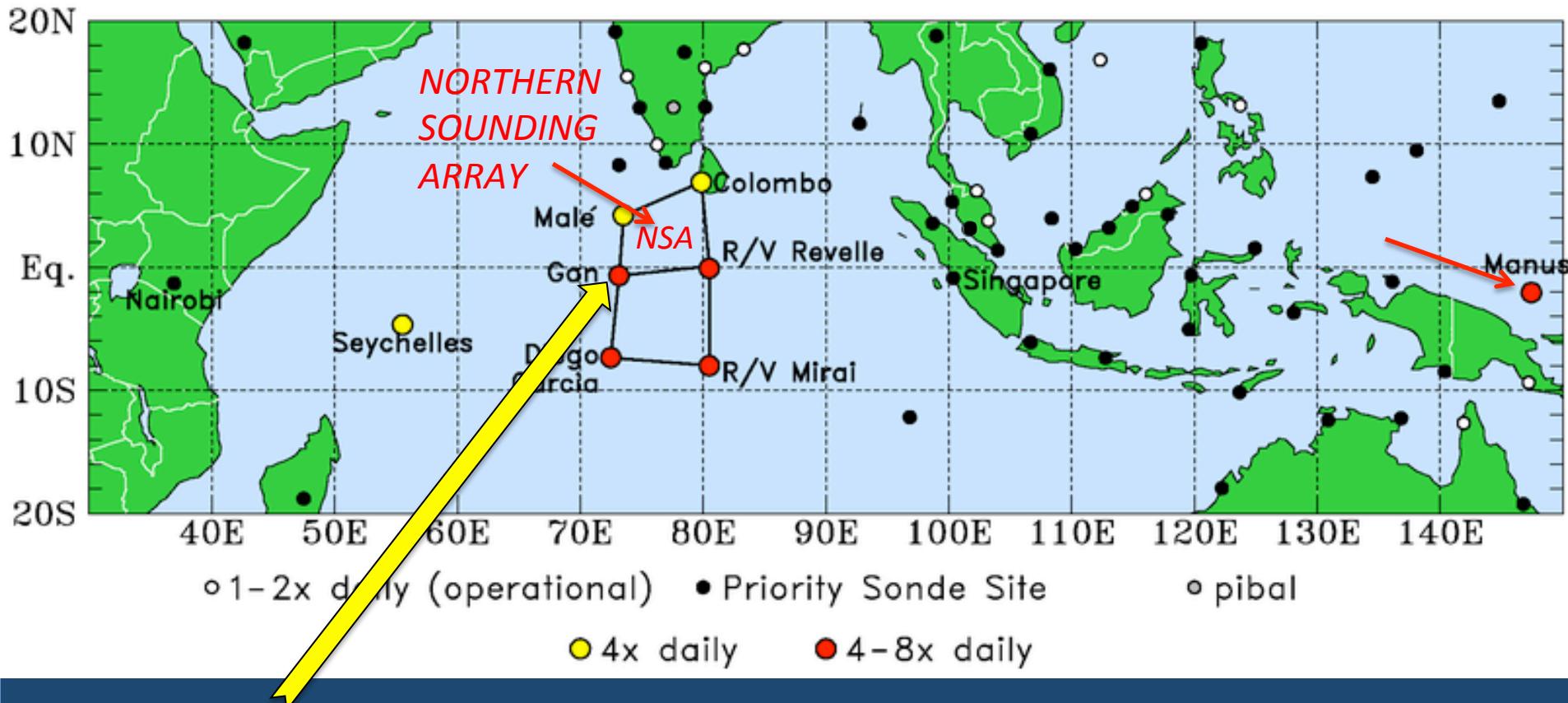
**Madden-Julian Oscillation (1971, 1972)*

2016 SPARC Gravity Wave Symposium, 16-20 May, Penn State

*Indian Ocean
24 October 2011*

Dynamics of the MJO (DYNAMO; October 2011 – March 2012)

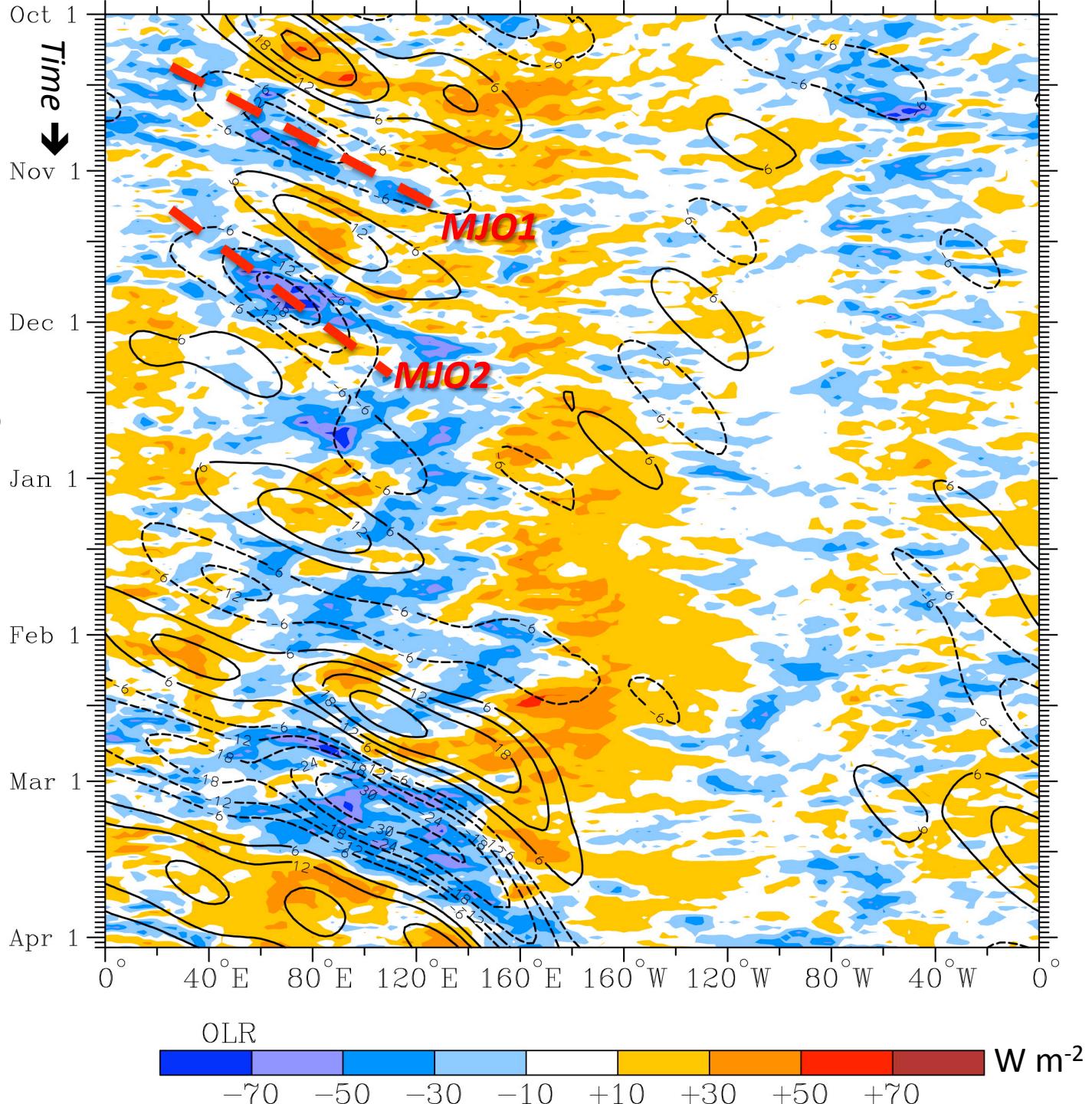
DYNAMO/CINDY/AMIE network and priority sonde sites



- Moistening processes during the initiation stage of the MJO
- Role of convective cloud populations in MJO initiation
- Role of air-sea interaction in the Indian Ocean in MJO initiation

*OLR
anomalies
and MJO-
filtered OLR
(10N to 10S)
for DYNAMO
period*

*Kiladis et al.
(2014)*

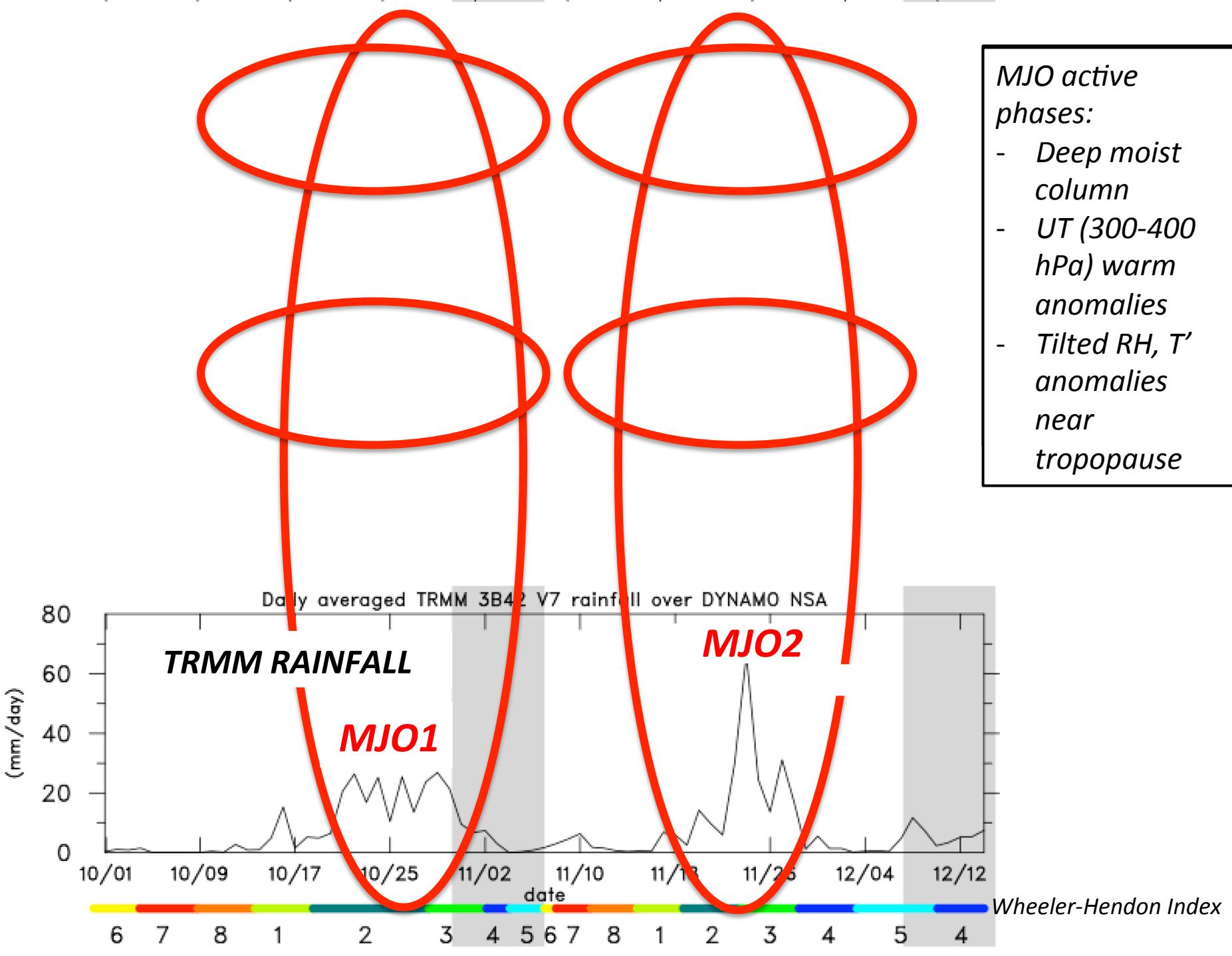


OLR

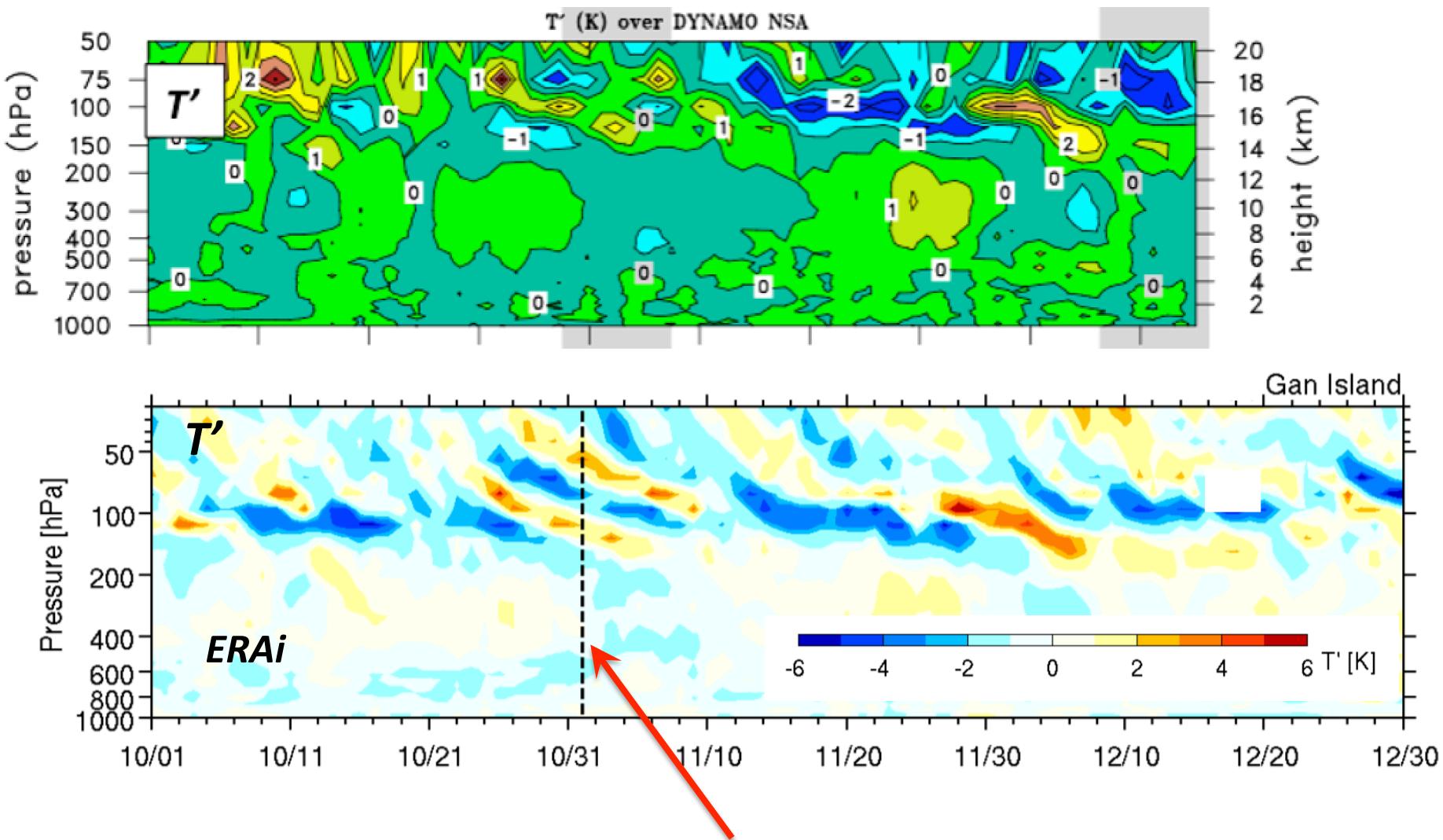
-70 -50 -30 -10 +10 +30 +50 +70

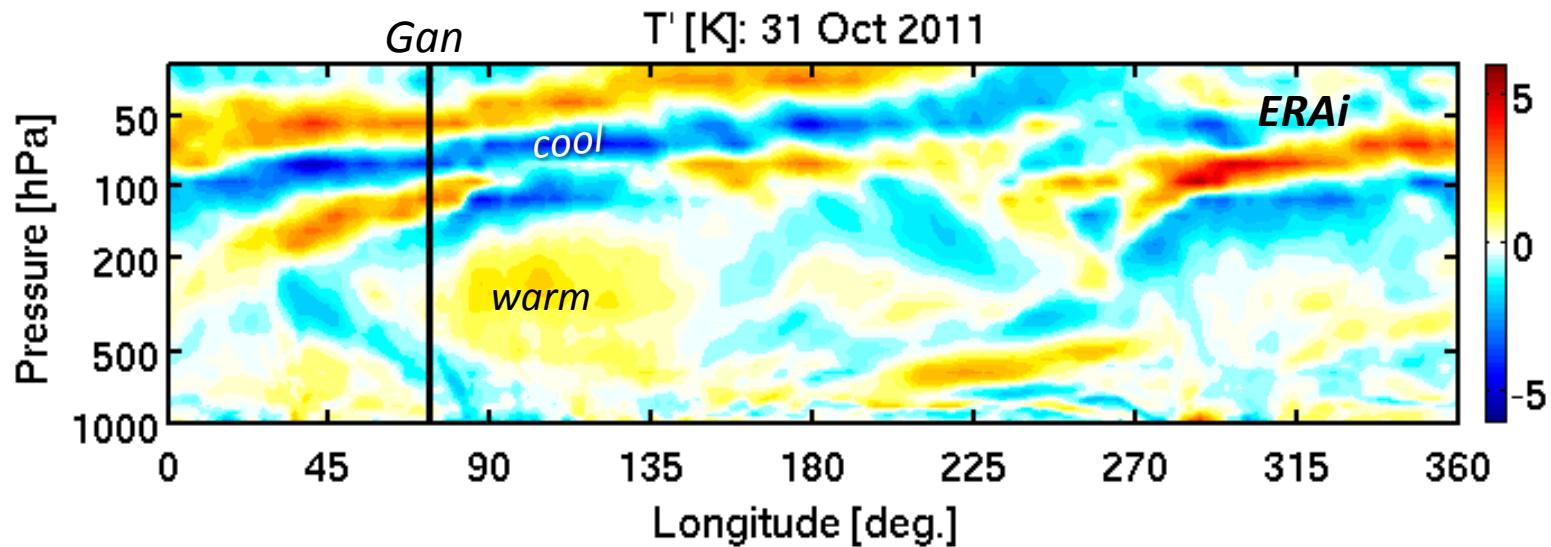
W m^{-2}

- MJO active phases:*
- Deep moist column
 - UT (300-400 hPa) warm anomalies
 - Tilted RH, T' anomalies near tropopause

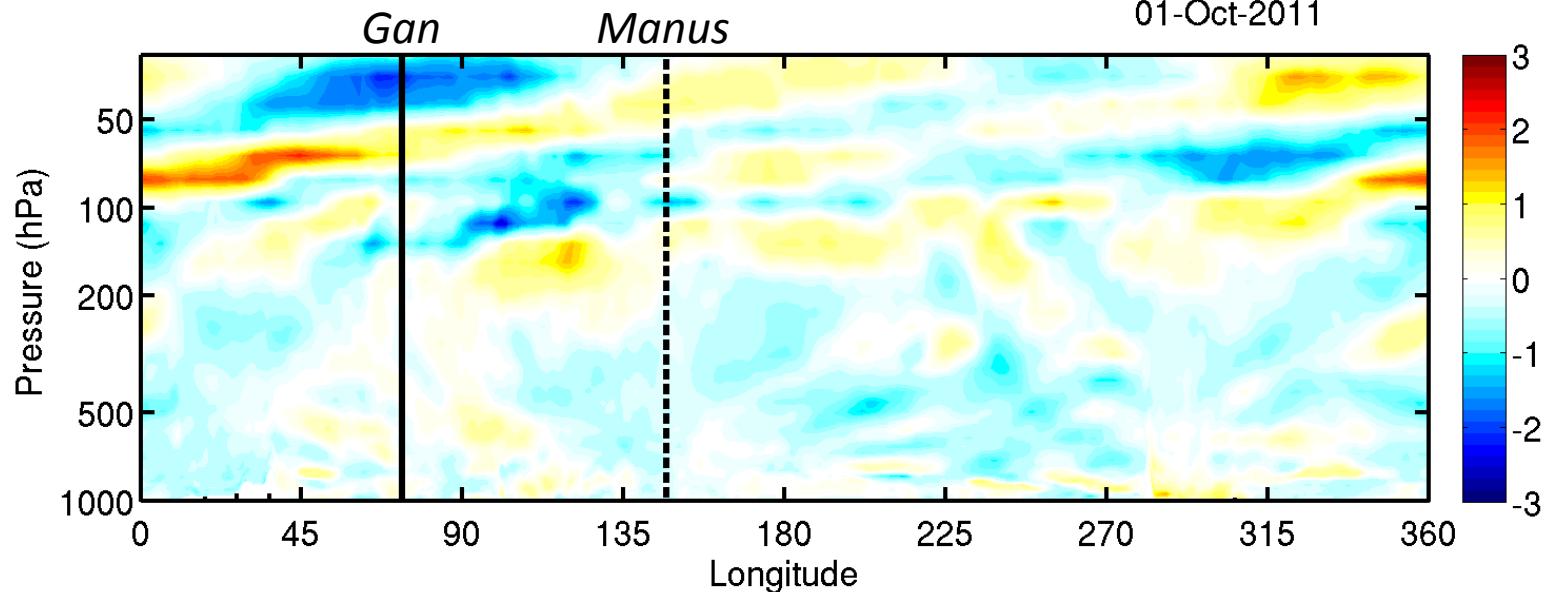


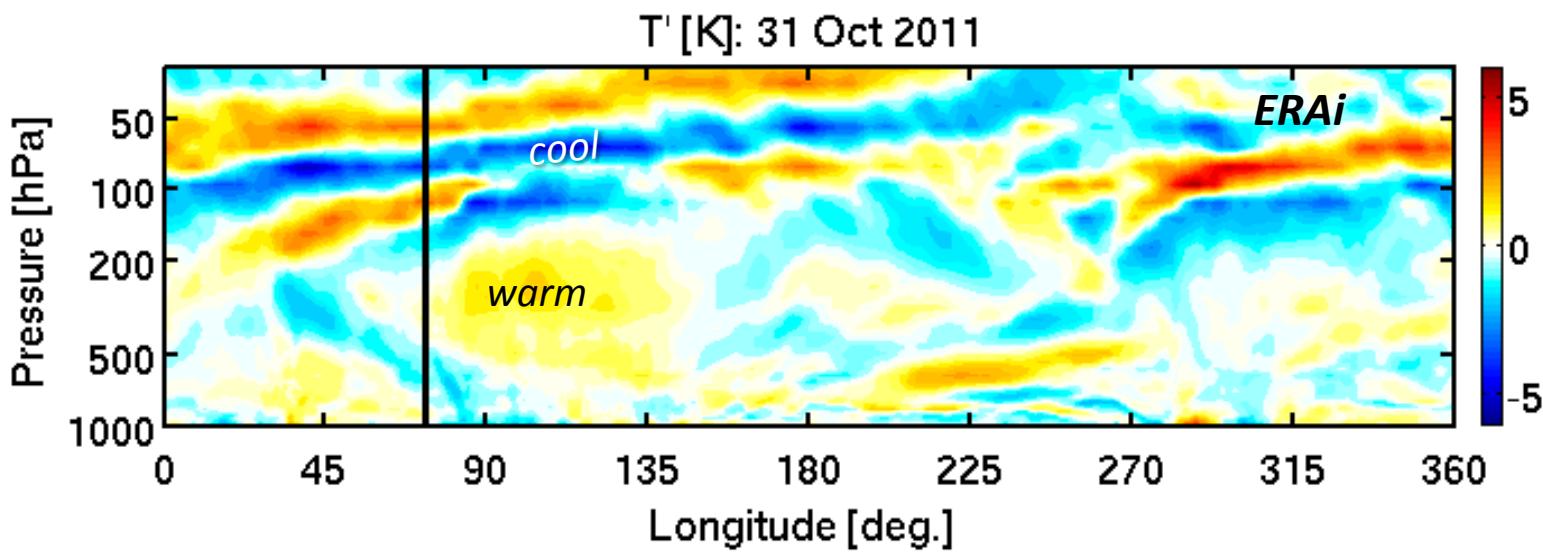
DYNAMO Sounding, ERA Interim Temperature Anomalies





ERA Interim 7-20 day bandpass T anomalies





June 2006 – June 2009

0

360

Temperature Anomaly & PNNL Radar Reflectivity

(spacing = 2K)

Pressure [hPa]

1000
800
600
400
200
100

10/11 10/21 10/31 11/10 11/20 11/30 12/10

*T anomalies affect
cloud-top heights*

-50 -40 -30 -20 -10 0 10 20 [dBz]

Gan Island RH, T'

(only negative T' shown,
contour interval 2 K)

Pressure [hPa]

50
100
150
200

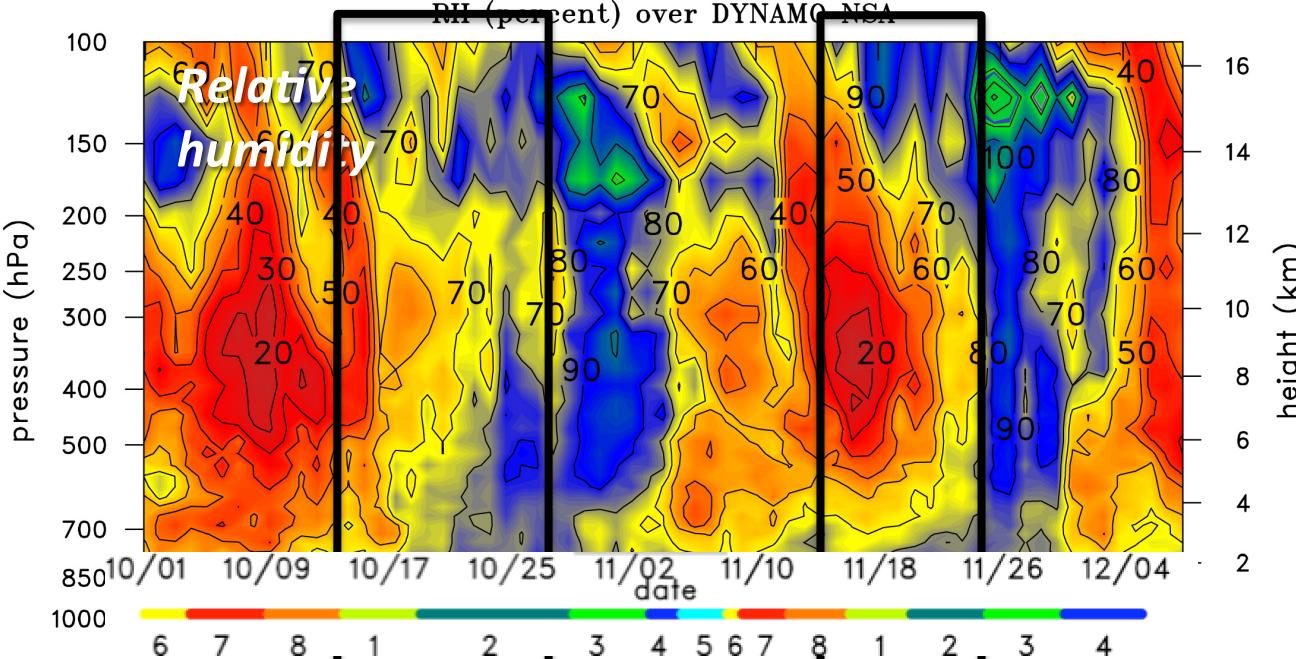
10/11 10/21 10/31 11/10 11/20 11/30 12/10

0 20 40 60 80 100 120 140

Relative Humidity [%]

(red dots are when CALIPSO
detected cirrus)

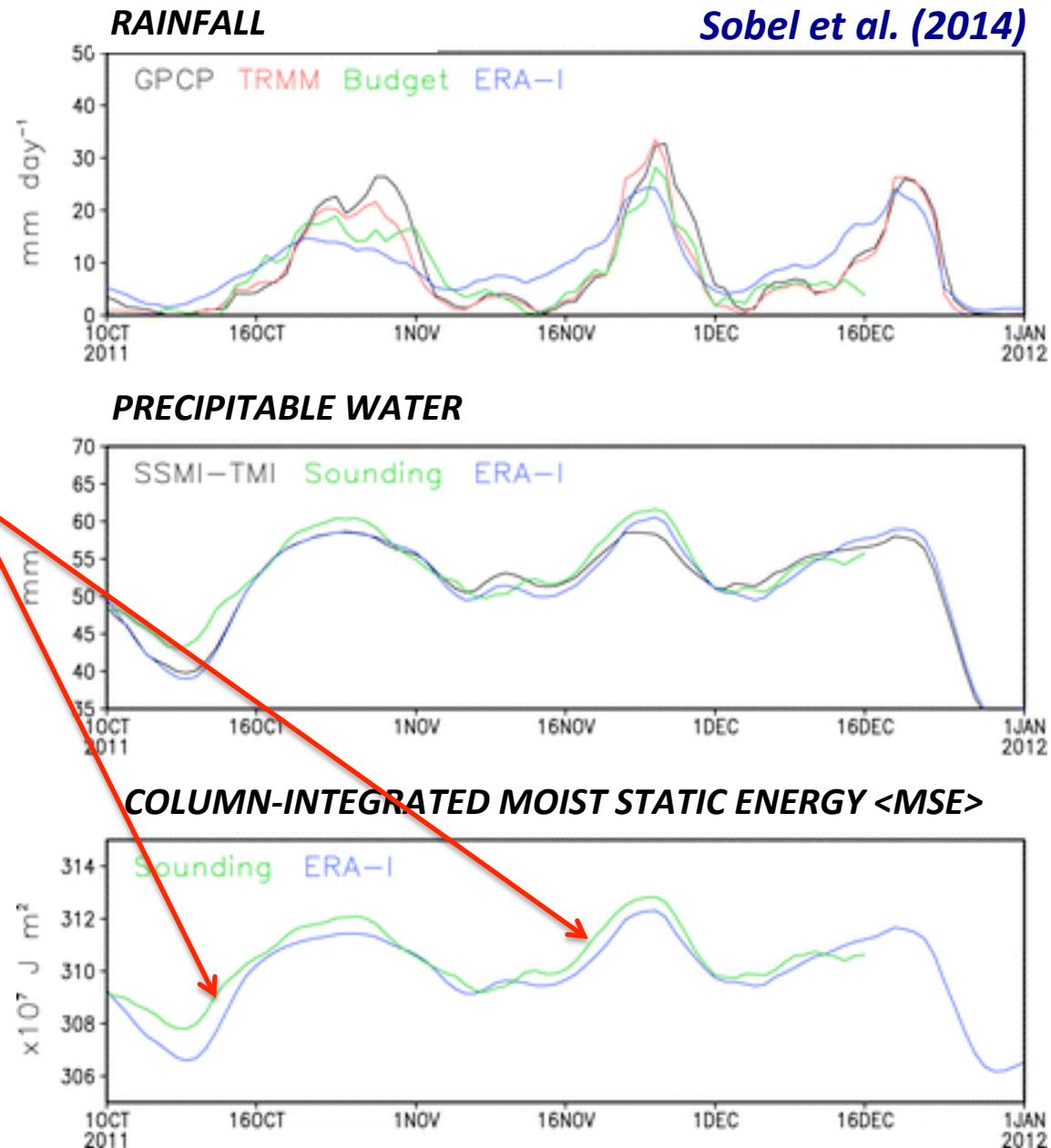
*Increasing UT
relative
humidity &
cirrus,
reduction in
net radiative
heating rate
leading up to
MJO active
phases*



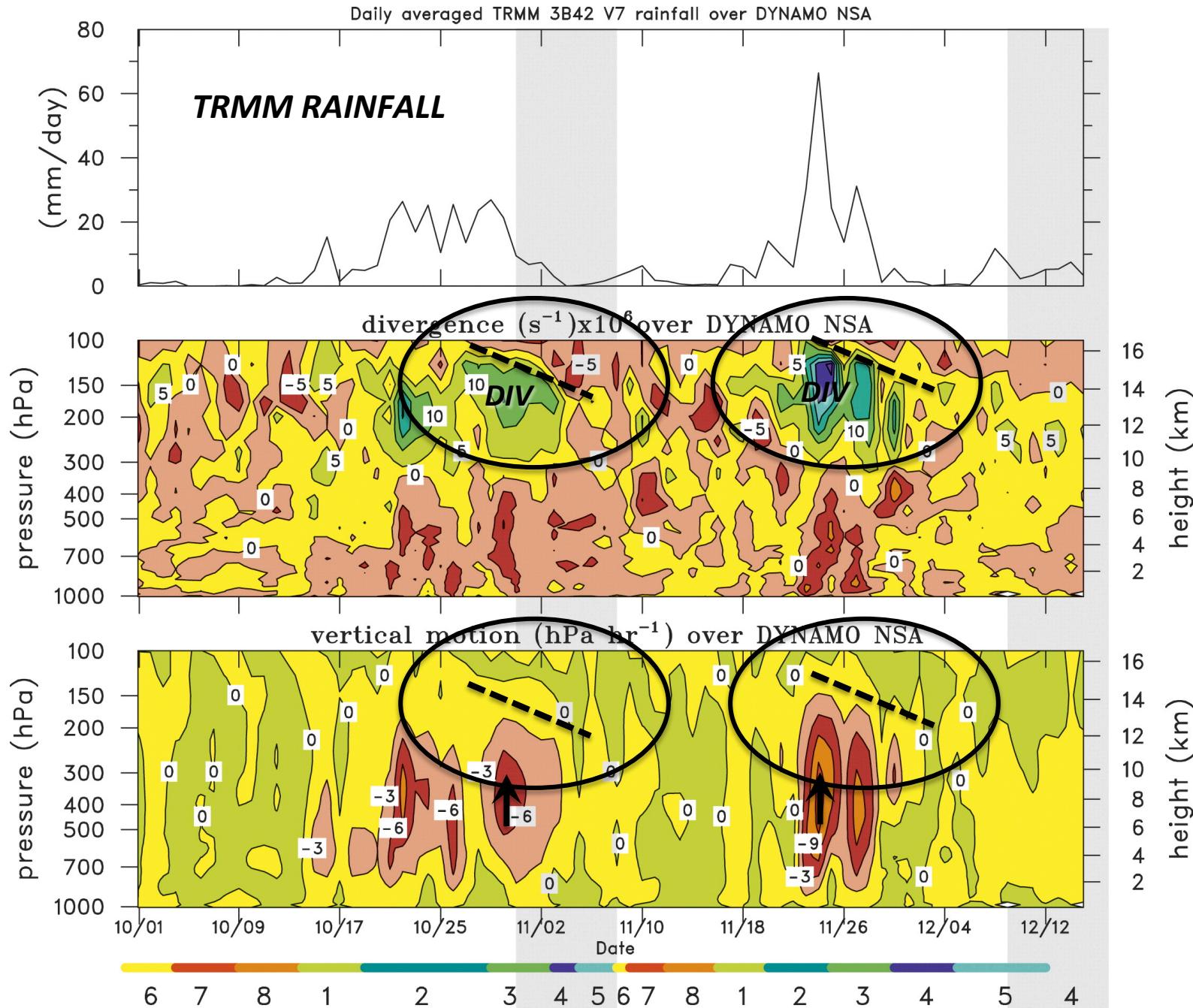
Northern Sounding Array

Sobel et al. (2014)

- ♦ Buildup of $\langle \text{MSE} \rangle$ attributed equally to horizontal advection of MSE and cirrus-caused reduction in net radiative cooling (surface fluxes roughly constant during these periods)



*Kelvin
wave T
anomalies
affect
depth of
convection
within
MJO →
reduction
in cloud-
top height
late in
MJO active
phase*

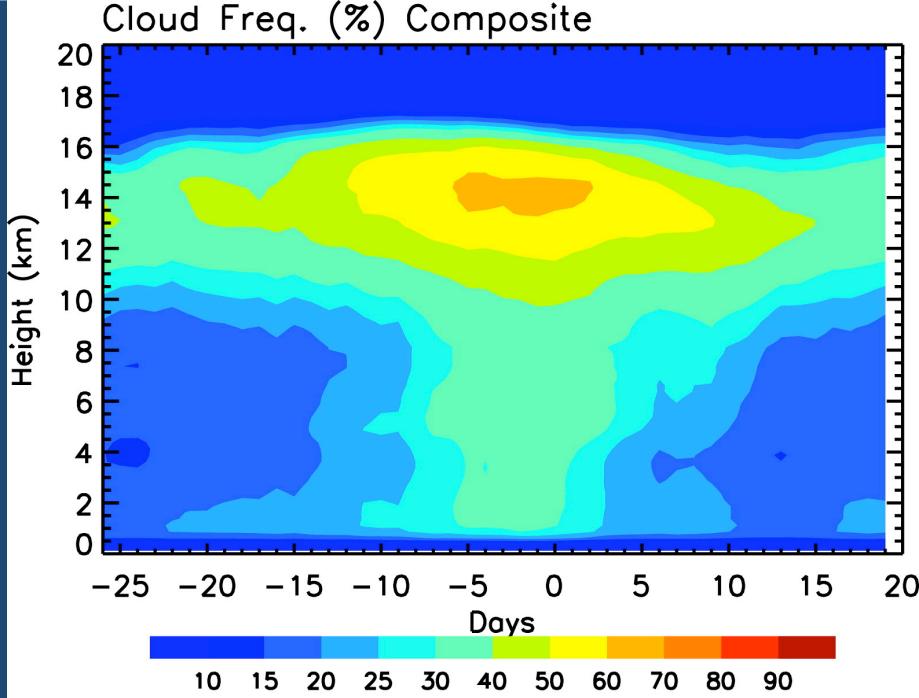


Summary

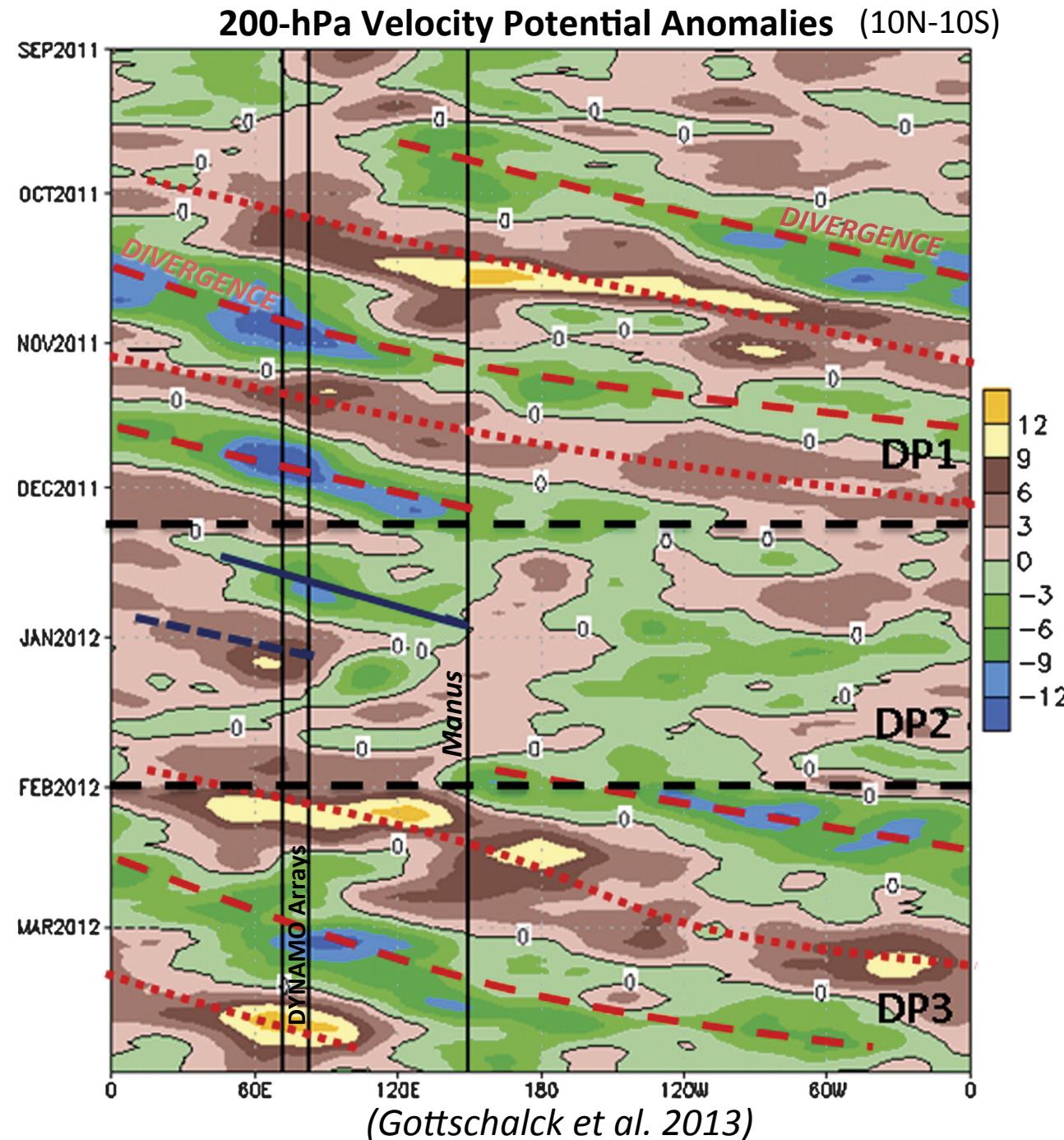
- *Two prominent MJOs during DYNAMO*
- *Cirrus preceding MJO active phase related to Kelvin wave cool anomalies: reduction in LW cooling, aids in buildup of MSE as MJO initiates over Indian Ocean*
- *Descending warm anomalies reduce depth of convection in latter stages of MJO active phase; impacts vertical motion (& heating) profiles*

*Del Genio et al.
(2012)*

- ◆ *CALIPSO/
CloudSat ten
MJO composite*
- ◆ *Found
descending cloud
top with time*



- Gottschalck et al. (2013, MWR) link Oct and Nov events to global circuits in 200-hPa velocity potential anomalies
- Haertel et al. (2014, QJRMS): circumnavigating equatorial Kelvin waves that transform between dry and moist, which initiate and dissipate MJO convection



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